

Study on Application of Aeroneneneba Gel in Thermal Insulation Materials

Yong Kang¹, Liyong Zhou^{1,*}, Shanbo Zhou¹, Qi Li², An Mao^{2,*}

¹Department of Quartermaster Procurement, Army Logistics Academy of PLA, Chongqing, China

²College of Forestry, Shandong Agricultural University, Taian, China

Email address:

18627075099@163.com (Yong Kang), zhouliyong1@163.com (Liyong Zhou), dannymaoan@126.com (An Mao)

*Corresponding authors

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Abstract: Aeroneneneba gel is a kind of nano porous solid material which is formed by sol gel method and using a certain drying method to replace the liquid phase in gel. Aeroneneneba gel is the lowest density solid in the world, only 3 kg/m³. At present, the lightest aerogel prepared is only 0.16 mg/cm³, which is slightly lower than the air density. As a nano porous solid material, aeroneneneba gel has the characteristics of low thermal conductivity, high porosity and low density. Its thermal conductivity is only 0.013w/(m·K) at room temperature. It is the preferred thermal insulation material among all solid materials and has been widely used in military, aerospace, industry, clothing and other fields. With the gradual change of human living environment, the environmental conditions are becoming more and more differentiated, and the requirements for environmental temperature are becoming higher and higher. How to keep heat and insulation is an important issue to ensure personal safety. Based on this, this paper introduces the thermal insulation properties of aeroneneneba gel materials, summarizes its research progress in thermal insulation materials, and discusses the future application direction of the thermal insulation properties of aeroneneneba gel, which provides some theoretical guidance for the further study of aeroneneneba gel clothing fabrics.

Keywords: Aeroneneneba Gel, Thermal Insulation, Clothing Materials, Application

1. Introduction

Most of the solvents in the gel are removed, so that the solid content in the gel is much higher than the liquid content, or the space network structure of the gel is filled with gas, but the outside is still solid. The obtained material is called air gel. Aeroneneneba gel is a solid substance, which has the properties of gel, i.e. expansion, thixotropy and plasma separation [1].

As long as the colloid of any substance can be dried to remove the internal solvent and keep its shape basically unchanged, and the product has the characteristics of high porosity and low density, it can be called an aeroneneneba gel. Aeroneneneba gel is the lowest density solid in the world, only 3kg/m³. At present, the lightest aeroneneneba gel is only 0.16mg/cm³, slightly lower than the density of air. There are many kinds of aeroneneneba gel, including silicon, carbon, sulfur, metal oxide, metal, etc. the common aeroneneneba gel

is silicon aeroneneneba gel. Most of the aeroneneneba gel is air (usually more than 80%), so it has a very good thermal insulation effect. Some studies show that the thermal insulation performance of an inch thick aeroneneneba gel is about the same as that of 20-30 ordinary glasses. At the same time, its light weight is also one of the main advantages [2-4].

At present, aeroneneneba gel thermal insulation materials are widely used in military, aerospace, industry, clothing and other fields. With the gradual expansion of human living environment, the changes of environmental conditions are more and more differentiated, and the requirements for environmental temperature are higher and higher. How to keep heat and insulation is an important issue to ensure personal safety. As a nano porous solid material, aeroneneneba gel has the characteristics of low thermal conductivity, high porosity and low density. The thermal conductivity at room temperature is only 0.013w/(m·K), which is the preferred thermal insulation material among all

solid materials [5]. Professor Kistler of Stanford University firstly used sol gel method and supercritical drying method to prepare silica aerogel, and verified that aerogel has great application potential in thermal insulation and other fields. At present, in the aerospace and military fields, the use of silica aerogel thermal insulation materials can effectively reduce the amount of conventional thermal insulation materials, reduce the weight of equipment, increase the internal use space, reduce the internal temperature, and effectively improve the working environment. As the material of thermal insulation clothing, aerogel must adapt to the thermal insulation requirements of various shapes and conditions. Aerogel can be coated on soft substrate to make flexible and foldable thermal insulation fabric. For special clothing such as fire-fighting clothing, the influence of infrared radiation should also be considered.

In this paper, the thermal insulation properties of aerogel materials were introduced, the research progress in thermal insulation materials was summarized, and the future application direction of the thermal insulation properties of aerogel was discussed, respectively. The theoretical guidance for the further study of aerogel clothing fabrics was also provided.

2. Characteristics of Aerogel in Thermal Insulation

The solid-state thermal conductivity of the silicon aerogel currently used is 2-3 orders of magnitude lower than that of the corresponding glassy materials. The refractive index of the silicon aerogel is close to 1, and the annihilation coefficient ratio of infrared and visible light is more than 100. It can effectively transmit sunlight and block infrared rays in the environment. Therefore, the aerogel can be used as a transparent thermal insulation material and has been widely used in solar energy and building energy conservation. Through special process means, the radiation heat conduction of silicon aerogel can be further reduced, and the thermal conductivity can be reduced to $0.013 \text{ W}/(\text{m}\cdot\text{K})$, making it one of the solid materials with the lowest thermal conductivity, and it can replace polyurethane foam material to become a new type of refrigerator insulation material. Silicon aerogel with titanium dioxide can be used as a new high-temperature thermal insulation material. Its thermal conductivity at 800K is only $0.03 \text{ W}/(\text{m}\cdot\text{K})$, which has great development potential in military logistics equipment.

Specifically, the aerogel has the following characteristics: (1) thermal insulation. The long-term use temperature is 650°C , and the thermal insulation effect can reach 5 times that of traditional materials. (2) It is durable and heat-resistant. The nano three-dimensional network structure provides excellent high-temperature stability, and avoids the deformation and accumulation of traditional materials due to vibration and the sharp decline of thermal insulation performance. (3) The insulation thickness is

smaller, only 1/3 to 1/5 of the thickness can achieve the same insulation effect as the traditional materials, with less heat loss and high space utilization. (4) Good physical and mechanical properties, good flexibility, tensile and compressive strength, no settlement and deformation after long-term use. (5) With excellent overall waterproof performance, it can well isolate liquid water and allow water vapor to pass through. (6) While the equipment is insulated, it can also play the functions of sound absorption, noise reduction and vibration buffering. (7) Safety and environmental protection, without harmful substances to human body.

3. Application of Aerogel in Thermal Insulation

3.1. Building Envelope

At present, the heat loss of typical building envelope through doors and windows accounts for about 50% of the total heat loss of the building. With the improvement of people's living environment, the area of doors and windows continues to increase. In the whole building energy saving, the application of energy-saving glass will play a key role. The energy-saving glass prepared by aerogel has many advantages over traditional vacuum glass and laminated glass.

It is reported that the real air gel glass can be installed on the building doors and windows instead of the three-layer argon filled insulating glass, and the energy saving performance of the two glasses can be compared by calculating the annual heating energy consumption of the house (Table 1). Compared with the hollow aerogel glass, the annual energy saving of ordinary residential houses is 1180 kWh/A, about 20%, while in the energy-saving houses, this figure is 700kWh/A, accounting for 34% of the total energy consumption. Therefore, the energy-saving effect of true air gel glass is more obvious.

Table 1. Application of aerogel in thermal insulation.

Type of Aerogel Materials	Application Area
Hollow aerogel glass	Building envelope
Aerogel felt	Pipe insulation
Aerogel board	Insulation materials for building walls and roofs
Aerogel powder	Thermal insulation coating
Silica aerogel	Concrete additive

3.2. Aerogel Felt

Aerogel felt is an ideal pipe insulation material, which has the advantages of ultra-high thermal insulation and hydrophobicity. Its typical structure is: the aerogel insulation felt attached to the front layer of the pipe is the main insulation layer of the insulation structure, and the outer layer is the metal protection layer and binding tape, which provides mechanical performance and durability protection for the pipe.

The aeroneneneba gel felt has good flexibility and mechanical properties, and the construction is convenient and fast. In addition, the good hydrophobicity of the aeroneneneba gel felt makes its thermal conductivity stable throughout the service life. Compared with traditional pipeline insulation materials, the thermal insulation performance of aeroneneneba gel felt is obviously better than other materials. It is estimated that the average high-temperature steam pipeline per kilometer can save more than 13 million yuan in energy consumption in use, and in the renovation of thermal insulation materials for building heating pipes, the cost of renovation can be saved in about one year.

3.3. Insulation Materials for Internal and External Walls and Roofs

The traditional wall and roof insulation materials are divided into inorganic materials and organic materials. The commonly used organic insulation material in the insulation materials is polystyrene foam board, which has low fire resistance and flame retardancy. Inorganic thermal insulation materials such as rock wool and glass wool have high density and general thermal insulation effect. With the characteristics of low thermal conductivity, low density and high flame retardancy, aerogel plate is an ideal insulation material for walls and roofs. At present, the thermal conductivity of the common aerogel board insulation layer can reach 0.013 W/(m·K) at normal temperature, which is almost 30% of the ordinary polystyrene board prepared by extrusion, far lower than that of other building pipe insulation materials, and has high-efficiency thermal insulation performance. At the same time, the aerogel plate also has the function of sound absorption and noise reduction, which can effectively isolate noise. The flame retardant performance can reach the highest level A1 (i.e. noncombustible material), which solves the problem that the two characteristics of thermal insulation and flame retardant of building materials cannot exist at the same time. The density of air gel thermal insulation material is very low, which is convenient for construction and reduces the weight of the whole building [6].

3.4. Aeroneneneba Gel Powder

Aeroneneneba gel powder can be used in thermal insulation coatings to assist thermal insulation. Some researchers used hollow microspheres and silica aeroneneneba gel as thermal insulation fillers and added them to acrylic white exterior wall coatings to make thermal insulation coatings. It is found that the thermal insulation performance of the silica aeroneneneba gel powder thermal insulation coating is obviously better than that of the hollow bead thermal insulation coating. Other researchers first modified the silica aerogel with a stabilizer and prepared a slurry, and then used the aqueous acrylic resin as the film-forming material to prepare the aqueous nano transparent thermal insulation coating in the coordination of the additives. The results showed that when the film

thickness was 20-25 μ m, it had good physical and mechanical properties, the visible light transmittance was more than 90%, and the transparency and thermal insulation properties were better. The coating prepared by aeroneneneba gel powder can not only be used for external wall insulation, but also for internal wall, top and bottom insulation of buildings, with good energy saving effect.

3.5. Concrete Additives

Aeroneneneba gel can also be used as concrete additive to improve the thermal insulation performance of concrete and reduce the thermal conductivity. Foreign researchers mixed different amounts of hydrophobic or hydrophilic silica aeroneneneba gel powder into the concrete base material, and found that the thermal conductivity of concrete decreases with the increase of silica aeroneneneba gel powder content, but the compressive strength will decrease and the shrinkage rate will also increase. Therefore, the concrete added with silica aeroneneneba gel can be applied to the non-load bearing wall structure or the cement mortar used as the bonding agent.

4. Application of Aeroneneneba Gel in Thermal Insulation Clothing

4.1. Aviation Clothing

Aeroneneneba gel has excellent thermal insulation performance, and can be applied to special clothing fabrics such as aviation clothing and fire-fighting clothing. Researchers have carried out systematic research on the application of aeroneneneba gel in aviation clothing. Aspen company has developed flexible fiber reinforced silica aerogel composite fabric material based on non-woven fiber substrate, and found that the thermal insulation effect of this new fabric material is significantly higher than that of the existing multi-layer thermal insulation material [7].

Ni et al. [8] prepared silicon dioxide aerogel polyimide aluminum coating composite thermal insulation film by using flexible temperature resistant and thermal insulation polyimide material as skeleton, porous silicon dioxide as thermal insulation material and vacuum plating metal aluminum film. In order to further improve its thermal insulation performance, the porosity and pore size linearity of silica are regulated by a special two-step sol-gel method, and tetraethyl silicate is used as silicon source, ethanol is used as solvent, hydrochloric acid is used as acid catalyst for hydrolysis, and ammonia is used as basic catalyst for polycondensation. The whole reaction process is divided into two steps: the first step is to use hydrochloric acid as catalyst, silicon monomer forms silicon oxygen bond through slow polycondensation reaction to obtain low-density network polymer like gel; In the second step, the silicon monomer is hydrolyzed and rapidly polycondensated under alkaline conditions with ammonia as catalyst to form relatively dense colloidal particles. The network linear density of silicon

aeroneneneba gel prepared by the above two-step method is much better than that of aeroneneneba gel prepared by the traditional one-step method. Ni and others further designed a multi-layer film insulation system based on silica aeroneneneba gel, and found that when the film was stacked to 10 layers, the insulation effect was the best.

At present, researchers have carried out research on a variety of substrates, such as polyurethane, polyamide, phenolic, polyurea, etc. in the future, the thermal insulation performance and service durability of the aeroneneneba gel composite will be further evaluated.

4.2. Fire-Fighting Suit

The fire-fighting suit is a multi-layer fabric structure, which serves as a barrier for firefighters to isolate themselves from external fire sources. The fire-fighting suit can avoid burns caused by external high temperature. Fire-fighting clothing generally includes flame retardant layer, waterproof and breathable layer and thermal insulation layer. The thermal insulation layer can effectively block the transfer of external heat to the human body. The commonly used thermal insulation materials include phase change materials, shape memory materials, aeroneneneba gel, etc. [9]. It has been found that under the same thermal protection performance, the weight and thickness of fire-fighting clothing can be reduced by more than 70% by using silica aeroneneneba gel composite materials [10]. Zhang et al. [11] analyzed the thermal insulation layer materials and service performance of the fire protection clothing in service, and introduced the research progress and application status of a variety of new thermal insulation materials at home and abroad. The feasibility of using silica aeroneneneba gel with ultra-low density and thermal conductivity in fire-fighting clothing was discussed. The results show that the comprehensive thermal conductivity of the fire-fighting suit using silica aerogel as the thermal insulation layer is only 1/4 of that of the active fire-fighting suit, and the weight is only 1/3 of that of the active fire-fighting suit. Another study found that after the use of aeroneneneba gel, the weight of fire-fighting clothing was reduced by 24.3%, and the back temperature was reduced by nearly 100°C compared with the control clothing. The application of aeroneneneba gel to fire-fighting clothing can significantly improve the thermal insulation performance of clothing, and phase change materials and aeroneneneba gel can also be applied to fire-fighting clothing at the same time. This composite structure can effectively improve the thermal insulation and comfort of fire-fighting clothing.

Zhang [12] combined silica aerogel, microencapsulated phase change material and waterborne polyurethane to prepare a new light and thin thermal protection composite fabric, and studied the influence of different raw material ratios on the thermal protection performance of fire protection clothing. The results show that the silica aeroneneneba gel microcapsule phase change material has better thermal protection performance than the traditional fire-fighting fabric. It is found that the thermal protection

performance of the traditional thermal insulation layer can be effectively improved by comparing the thermal insulation layers with different thickness and different combinations of thermal insulation layers. Aeroneneneba gel and phase change materials not only have good thermal insulation performance, but also have good heat storage capacity. Through further study on the influence of different proportion of raw materials on the thermal storage capacity of aeroneneneba gel capsule phase change materials, it is found that the phase change temperature of the capsule phase change materials and the composite structure of the aeroneneneba gel are one of the important factors affecting the thermal protection capacity of fire protection clothing.

In general, the research on fire-fighting clothing of aeroneneneba gel capsule phase change materials is still insufficient. The research focus should be on the heat transfer mechanism of multi-layer aeroneneneba gel capsule phase change materials, which can lay a theoretical foundation for the development of new composite thermal protection materials. Fire protection clothing materials with excellent air permeability, good heat insulation, high safety level and good comfort are one of the key research and application directions in this field.

5. Application of Aeroneneneba Gel Composite Fabric in Thermal Insulation Clothing

At present, the common thermal protective clothing in China mainly constructs multi-layer fabric structure by stacking and compounding to protect the safety of employees in high temperature environment. However, the traditional thermal protective clothing is generally bulky, which affects the working efficiency and mobility of employees. It is an inevitable trend for the development of modern protective clothing to develop lightweight thermal protective clothing with excellent thermal and wet comfort and protection to provide better safety protection for employees.

The inside of the aeroneneneba gel material has a special continuous network connection hole structure, which has excellent thermal insulation performance, and can reduce the weight of the protective fabric system to a certain extent. Moreover, the moisture permeability and air permeability of the aeroneneneba gel material are better than the traditional thermal protection fabric. Gao [13] studied and prepared a graphene aeroneneneba gel, constructed a composite protective fabric system of protective outer layer, waterproof and breathable layer, graphene aeroneneneba gel and thermal insulation layer, and discussed the influence of carbon fiber content, graphene concentration, graphene aeroneneneba gel height and other factors of the fabric system on the thermal insulation performance and thermal and wet comfort performance of the fabric system. The research results show that the weight of graphene aeroneneneba gel is only one seventh of the thermal insulation layer in the same fabric structure. Under the low-temperature thermal radiation

environment, graphene aeroneneneba gel can effectively improve the thermal protection performance of the fabric system, and the fabric systems with different carbon fiber content, graphene concentration and high degree of aeroneneneba gel have significant differences on the thermal protection indexes such as temperature rise of 12°C, temperature rise of 24°C and maximum temperature difference. The interaction effect of concentration and carbon fiber content is very significant, and the interaction effect of concentration and height is significant. When the carbon fiber content is 10%, the concentration is 7%, and the height is 8mm, the thermal protection performance of the fabric system is the best.

Zhang [14] used sodium silicate as silicon source and dilute sulfuric acid as catalyst to prepare light hydrophobic silica aeroneneneba gel by sol gel method and atmospheric pressure stepwise heating and drying method. It was found that when the concentration of sulfuric acid was 1.5mol/l, the pH value was 9, and the mass ratio of sodium silicate / ethanol was 1:6, the aerogel prepared had the best performance. Subsequently, the prepared silica aeroneneneba gel powder was filled between two layers of breathable cloth as a filling material to form a sandwich structure. Compared with the original cloth, the temperature difference between the upper and lower surfaces of the silica aeroneneneba gel sandwich structure was reduced by 13°C, indicating that the silica aeroneneneba gel sandwich structure has good thermal insulation performance. Qian [15] prepared polyimide sol with BPDA and ODA as monomers and tab as crosslinking agent, and prepared polyimide aeroneneneba gel by carbon dioxide supercritical drying, which can be used as filler to prepare outdoor tent with excellent thermal insulation performance.

6. Conclusion

Based on the excellent thermal insulation performance of aeroneneneba gel, it has been widely used in military, aerospace, industry, clothing and other fields. In the field of fire protection clothing application, phase change material / aeroneneneba gel composite cannot only provide good thermal insulation performance, but also avoid the temperature transition at the initial stage of heating. In the field of thermal insulation clothing, how to realize the good combination of aeroneneneba gel and fabric is the key to the development of aeroneneneba gel thermal insulation clothing. To sum up, it is an inevitable trend for the development of modern protective clothing to develop functional thermal insulation clothing with excellent comfort and thermal protection based on aeroneneneba gel materials to provide better safety protection for employees.

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